



Agenda

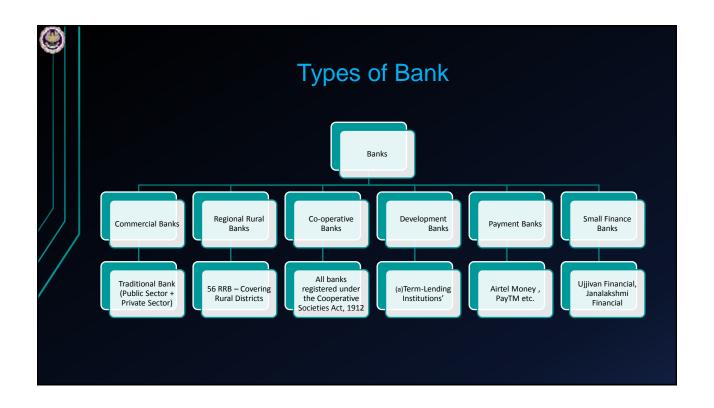
- 1. Introduction to Bank Branch Audit
- 2. Internal Control System in Banks
- 3. Financial Statements Audit
- 4. IRAC Norms
- 5. Other areas Audit

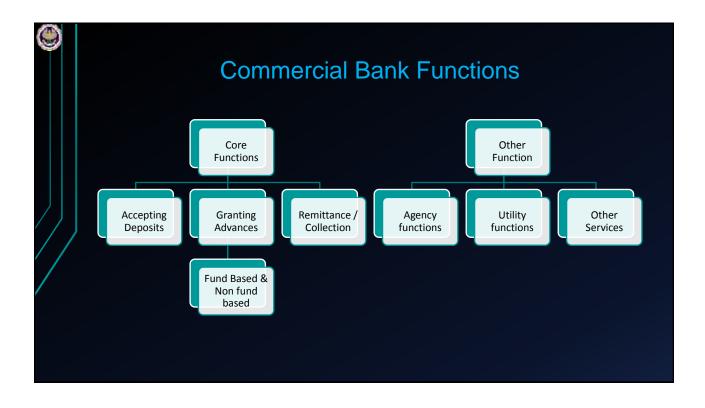
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1. Introduction to Bank Branch Audit

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Bank Audit - Reporting

- 1. Branch Auditors Main Report
- 2. MOC Memorandum of changes
- 3. Tax Audit Report
- 4. Certificates
- 5. Long Form Audit Report



Audit Assurance in Bank Audit

- 1. Statements are free from Material Mis-statement
- 2. Statements show true & Fair view of the affairs of the branch
- 3. Assessment made on 'Risk of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error'
- 4. Transactions are with in the Branch Powers
- 5. Returns are Adequate and are in agreement with Books
- 6. Necessary information and Explanations required for the audit has been obtained
- 7. Auditors confidence on the over all IT Environment.



2. Internal Control System in Banks

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Internal Controls

- A process effected by the management to provide reasonable assurance regarding achievement of objectives in the policy:
- ★Effectiveness and efficiency of operations
- ★Reliability in financial reporting
- **#**Compliance with the applicable laws and regulations.



Risk Mitigation Measures



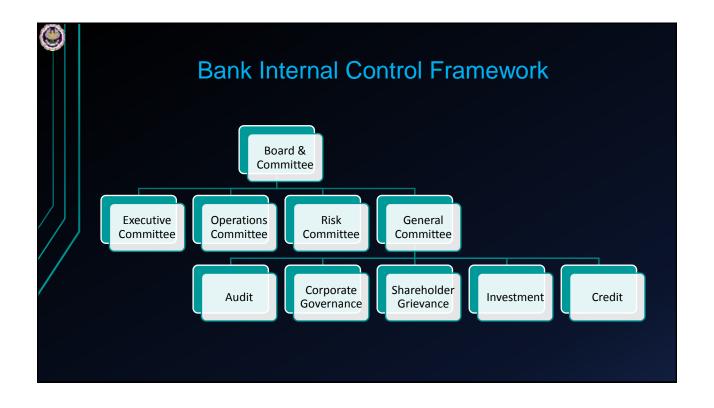
Bank RISK Management Measures

- Committee
- 2. Internal Audit
- 3. Revenue Audit
- 4. Branch Inspection
- 5. Head Office (HO) Inspection



Bank RISK Management Measures

- 6. Concurrent Audit
- 7. Systems Audit
- 8. Vigilance Function in banks
- 9. RBI Inspection





2. Internal Audit

- Risk-Based Internal Audit to ensure that the internal audit is undertaken in the bank in a risk focused manner.
- RBI circular DBS.CO.PP.BC.14 /11.01.005/ 2003-04, dated June 26, 2004 on "Risk Based Supervision – Follow up of Risk Management Systems in Banks"



Revenue Audit

- identifying cases of leakage of revenue due to wrong computation of interest,
- non-application of interest on time,
- application of incorrect rates of interest/exchange/commission, non-application of penal interest,
- non-recovery or short-recovery of service charges on guarantees and letters of credit



Branch Inspection

- Covers all important areas of functioning of the branch, including
 - Efficacy of systems and procedures,
 - · Compliance with head office directions,
 - Customer service,
 - Maintenance of books and records,

This is typically in the nature of internal audit



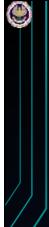
Head Office (HO) Inspection

- Investment and other treasury functions,
- Functioning of the central stationery department,
- Fixed assets (if centralised),
- Inter-branch reconciliation
- Employee engagement & Training .



Concurrent Audit

- An external Review of financial aspects of the Bank including documentation and other aspects.
- Scope defined by the management.



Internal Controls



Internal Control Procedures

- 1. Delegation of Powers
- 2. Segregation and Rotation of Duties
- 3. Maintenance of Adequate Records and Documents
- 4. Accountability for and Safeguarding of Assets
- 5. System Configuration and Account Mapping
- 6. Independent Checks



3. Financial Statements Audit

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Steps for conducting of Branch Audit

- 1. Engagement letter for Branch Statutory audit, with closing circulars.
- 2. NOC from the previous auditor
- 3. Pre-Audit discussion with branch
- 4. Audit planning
- Audit Execution
- 6. Discussion of the draft Branch audit report with bank
- 7. Preparation of MOC and effect of the same in books of account
- 8. Submission of audit report to branch.



Area Wise - Documents to be Collected

- 1. Trial Balance as on 31st March
- 2. Closing circular issued by Bank's head office
- 3. Review of
 - 1. Previous years Auditor report + LFAR
 - 2. Inspection + Concurrent + RBI + any other report
- 4. IRAC Compliance
- Cash & Bank Reconciliation



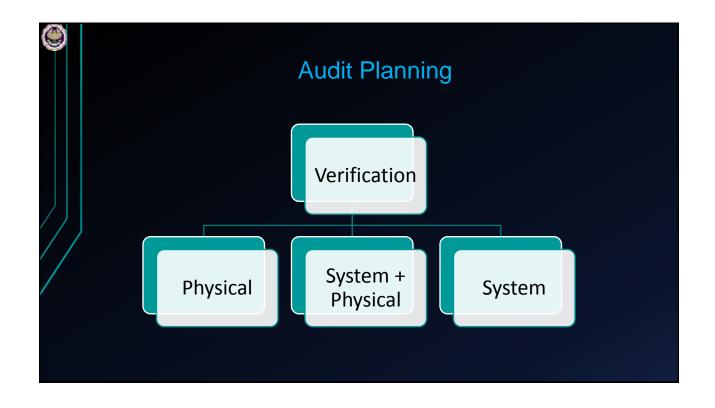
Area Wise - Documents to be Collected

6. Advances

- List of stress advances
- List of new sanction made during the year
- List of account referred for Restructuring / CDR
- List of Bank guarantee and Letter of credit

7. Documents related to NPA's

Opening + Addition - Deletion +/- Category Change = Closing





Physical Verification

- Cash Balance
- Securities held at Branch including Gold Loans.
- Loan Documentation.
- External Confirmation including borrowers Loans.
- Other Audit Reports



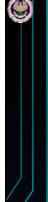
System + Physical

- Vouchers + Expenses Debited
- FD Lien Marking
- Sanction Ticket + Terms
- TDS & Service Tax Returns



System

- Interest change application
- Customer database Unique Accounts
- Regular + Exception Reports
- Loan Account Ledgers
- Standing Instructions
- Clearing Ledger Accounts

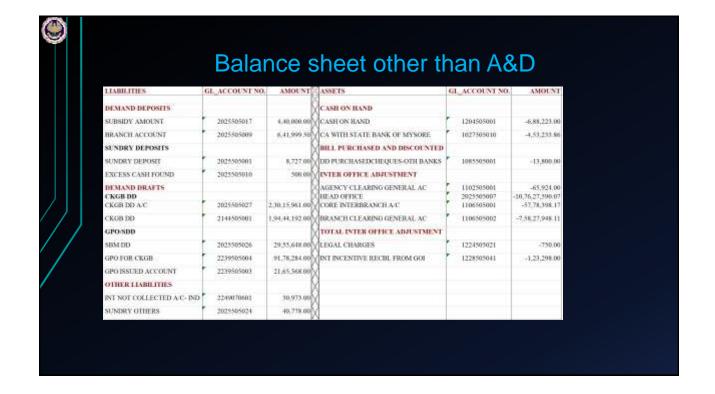


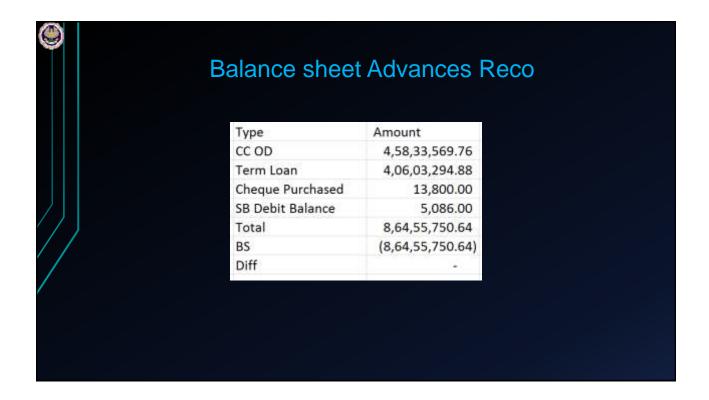
Balance sheet



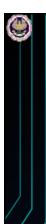
Balance Sheet

LIABILITIES	Return No.	CODE	Rs.	ASSETS	Return . No.	CODE	Rs.	
7. DEPOSITS	10	1,460	1,45,49,77,653	18. CASH AND BALANCE WITH RBI	13	3500	18,80,109	
8. BORROWINGS	- 11	1,990		19. BALANCE WITH OTHER BANKS AND MONEY AT CALL & SHORT NOTICE	14	3800	-	
9. OTHER LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS	12	2,600	93,03,359	20. BILLS PURCHASED	2	4000		
10. SUNDRY DEPOSITS	2	2,330	24,35,349	21. ADVANCES INCLUDING AGRICULTURE	2	4100	21.92,57.143	F
11. LOCAL CLEARING & CASH REMITTANCE	2	2,500		22. SUNDRY ASSET	15	4510	39,61,607	1
12. DDS ACCOUNT	2	2,510	134	23. BRANCH ADJUSTMENT ACCOUNT	16	5000	58,400	D
13. HEAD OFFICE ACCOUNT	- 2	2,520		24 LOCAL CLEARING & CASH	2	5500	- 4	
14. HO INTEREST RECEIVABLES	2	2,540	- 32	25. DDS ACCOUNT	2	5510	-	
15. ATM INTER BRANCH	2	2,550	32	26. HEAD OFFICE ACCOUNT	2	5520		
16. DEBIT CARD INTER BRANCH ACCOUNT	2	2,560	S-0	27. HO INTEREST PAYABLE	2	5540		
17. HO-CBS INTER BRANCH	2	2,570		28. ATM INTER BRANCH	2	5550	-	
18. NET PROFIT	440	2,900	- 1	29. DEBIT CARD INTER BRANCH	2	5560		Т
				38. HO-CBS INTER BRANCH	2	5570	1,16,49,45,867	
				31 NET LOSS		5900	7,66,13,235	
TOTAL		3,000	1,46,67,16,362	TOTAL		6000	1,46,67,16,362	1
31. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES & BILLS FOR COLLECTION	17	8,910	28,44,425					









Profit and loss account



Profit and Loss Account

EXPENDITURE			PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31- MAR-2017				
	Return No.	CODE	Rs.	INCOME	Return No.	CODE	Rs.
1. INTEREST EXPENDED	5	7,000	9.66,22,453	4. INTEREST COLLECTED	8	9210	2,65,45,045
2. GENERAL CHARGES	6	8,110	89,07,375	5. COMMISSION EXCHANGE BROKERAGE AND OTHER INCOME	9	9480	23,71,547
				6. NET LOSS		9500	7,66,13,235
TOTAL		9,000	10.55,29,827	TOTAL		9600	10,55,29,827

Prepare detailed working with schedules



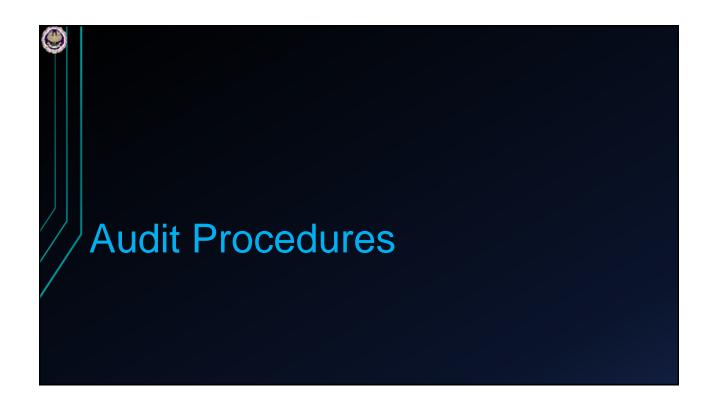
Possible Exceptions

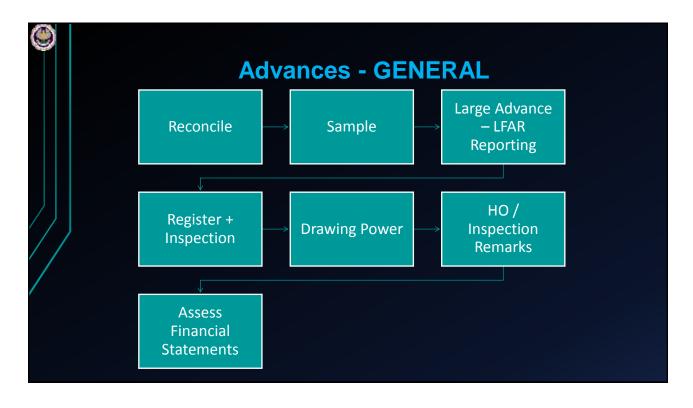
- Schedules not matching
- Long pending Advances & Deposits
- Trends not matching

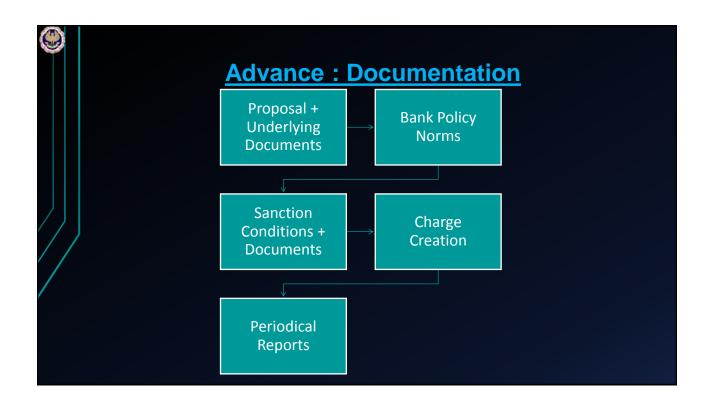


Some items Not Dealt @ Branch

- 1. Provision for Standard Assets & Non Performing Assets.
- 2. Provision for Taxation (Income Tax and Wealth Tax)
- 3. Provision for Pension, Gratuity and Leave encashment etc...
- Provision for Audit Fees including TA/HA for Auditors including Branch Auditors
- 5. Provision for Depreciation on Premises and Furniture & Fixtures
- 6. Provision for Interest on Overdue Deposit
- 7. Provision for bonus









Physical Verification - Cash

- Verify cash held as on date of commencement of audit (preferable)
- Tally the day's cash with Cash Scroll
- Review records to check branch staff verifying cash independent of the cashier.
- Amounts held are with in cash retention limit.
- Ensure there is the custody of joint key holders.
- Movement from chest is properly recoded and authorized.
- Cash remittances (both inward and outward) are made with adequate escort staff and accounted / acknowledged within reasonable time.
- Ensure that adequate insurance cover is available for the cash holding.



Fixed Asset

- Additions during the year are reported
- Physical Verification of Assets
- Computation of Depreciation
- Adequate Insurance is obtained



Physical Verification

- Security & Stationery
 - Ensure that adequate control is exercised ever the security items, stationery, stamps, etc.
 - Closing Stock recorded is adequate and appropriate
- Bank Reconciliation
 - Bank reconciliation statement and ensure that the balances agree with corresponding Bank statements



Deposits

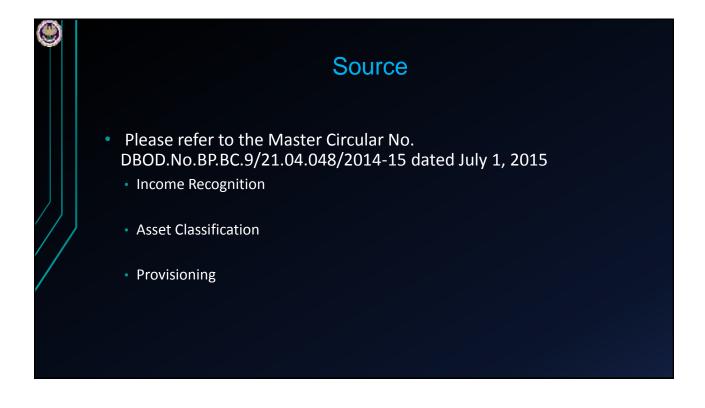
- Test check all types of deposits for Application forms for receipts issued
- Original receipts for matured deposits paid
- Correctness of rate of interest on fresh as well as renewed deposits
- Renewals/Rate of interest for the overdue period
- Payment of interest on matured deposits done as per Bank's policy Large deposits made at the year end
- Report on window dressing Verify transaction of last 2 days for:
- Transfers from loan / overdraft / cash credit accounts to current / deposit accounts.
- Purchase of cheques/bills and credited to current/deposit account

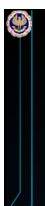


PnL – Other Expenses

- Scrutinize general expenses register/ledger for unusual items
- Adequate provisions created for expenses incurred but not paid.
- Test check the procedure followed and amount charged off to profit and loss account towards stationery consumed during the year
- Ensure that all expenses in excess of delegated power have been ratified by competent authority
- Ensure that TDS is effected as per rules on all applicable payments.





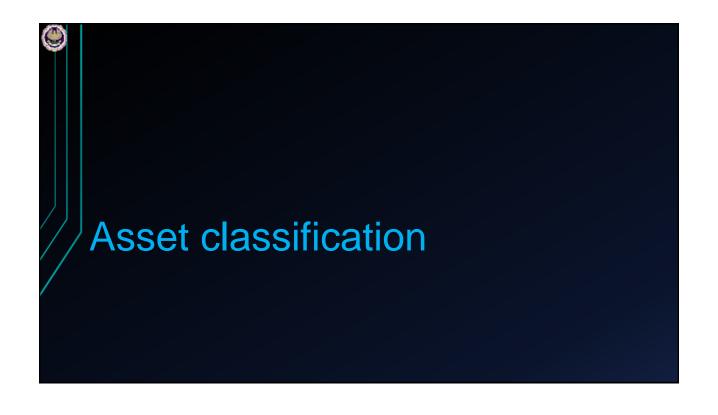


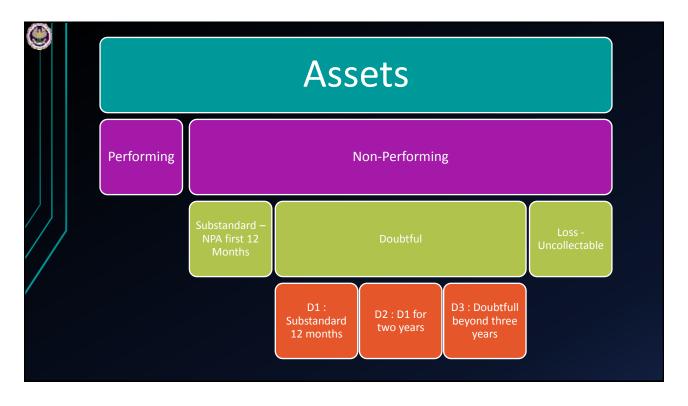
Income recognition



Policy

- 1. PA Accrual
- 2. NPA Receipt Basis
- 3. Exceptions
 - advances against Term Deposits, National Savings Certificates (NSCs), Indira Vikas Patras (IVPs), Kisan Vikas Patras (KVPs) and Life policies
 - 2. Central Government Guaranteed Accounts







Non performing Assets

- 1. **LOANS:** interest and/ or instalment of principal remain overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a term loan,
- 2. Overdraft/Cash Credit: the account remains 'out of order'
- **3. Bills**: the bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in the case of bills purchased and discounted,
- **4. Short Duration Crops :** the instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons.
- 5. **long duration crops**: the instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop season.



Out of Order

- if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power for 90 days.
- Outstanding balance < sanctioned limit/drawing power, BUT there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of Balance Sheet or credits are not enough to cover the interest debited during the same period

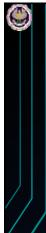


Ignore - Accounts with temporary deficiencies

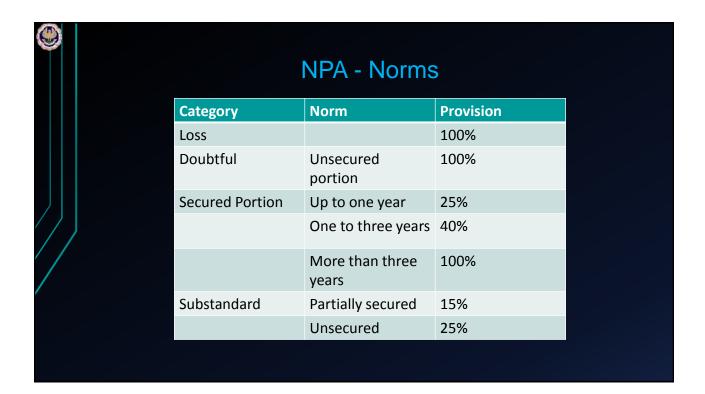
The classification of an asset as NPA should be based on the record of **recovery**.

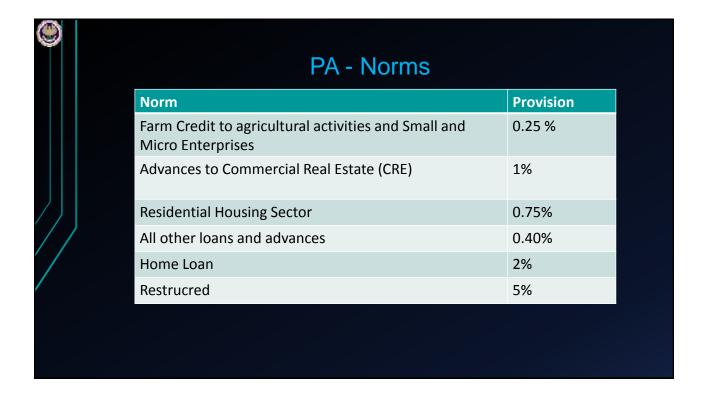
Do not classify an advance account as NPA merely due to the existence of some deficiencies which are temporary in nature –

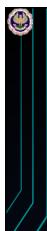
- non-availability of adequate drawing power
- stock statement not regular
- balance outstanding > limit temporarily,
- non-submission of stock statements and non-renewal of the limits on the due date, etc.



Provision







Other areas to focus



Other Important Areas

- Tracking Income Leakage
- Advances IRAC
- Reconciliations & Parameters
- Clearing and Deposits
- Some Key Certificates



Tracking Income Leakage

- Parameter Rate Variations Customer/Account Level
- Value Dating in Deposits
- Interest Collection Flag
- Anywhere banking charges
- Credit Card Operations Charges
- Ch. Ret., Stop Payment, SI, PO/DD/OCC Return
- NRE/NRO Txns.
- Penal Interest Application
 - Submission of Stock Statements
 - QI:
- EMI Interest Application
- Commitment Charges Application



Advances - IRAC

- IRAC
 - not 'automated' always. Caution only status is entered
 - Add In Module in some cases
- Security Valuations and NPA Dates
- Agricultural NPAs a dicey issue
- Reversals of NPA to PA are poorly handled
- Exception reports
 - Borrower Group Report
 - advances above limit, Sanction Amounts
- Conduct a Sample Check before relying



Reconciliations & Parameters

- Reconciliations
 - Whether balancing books tallies with GL?
 - 2. Posting Errors?
 - 3. ECS Batch
 - 4. Direct GL Entries
- Change in GL Link Parameter Codes
 - 1. GL Codes List with codes other than those in
 - Reporting Statement Pointing Parameters for
 - 3. Nominal Accounts
- Transactions entered & authorised by same person



Clearing and Deposits

Clearing

Clearing Exceptions - Returns, Errors

Clearing

Exception and Cheque Returned reports Whether Schedule modifications allowed

IBD Cheque Numbers

ECS

Outstanding entries follow up

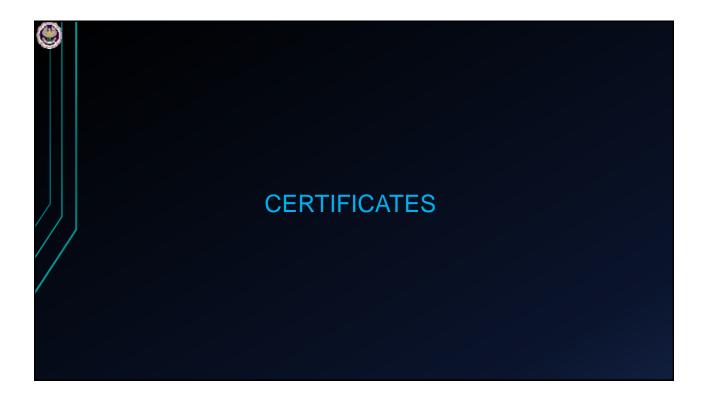
- CRA Reconciliation of Cash covers and Audit Rolls
- Short/Excess Claims in Office Claims O/s Entries
- Bank Reconciliations
- OCC Dishonor
- TOD Report
- Deposits

TOD – Limits and Approval

FDR Issue

Linking of Lien







Beyond Audit Report

- Tax Audit
- BASEL Norms CERTIFICATE ON CAPITAL ADEQUACY
- Long Outstanding Sundries / Suspense
- BG Commission workings?
- Interest Subvention 1.5% and 2%?



General List -Certificates

- 1. Certificate on Prudential Norms and Memorandum of Changes (MOC)
- 2. Certificate on Demand & Time Liability (DTL) position and Cash Balance.
- 3. Certificate on Serious Irregularity.
- 4. Certificate on Sundry Assets
- 5. Certificate on verification of inventory items of high value.
- 6. Exposure to Sensitive Sectors.
- 7. Details of restructured loan account
- 8. Interest Subvention up to 3lacs
- 9. CSI Interest subsidy scheme for Educational loan.
- 10. Certificates on national rural livelihood mission.
- 11. Interest subvention on rupee export credit
- 12. Certificate for claims from Govt State / Central.



Demand & Time Liability (DTL)

Auditors have to Certify that

- RBI Statement submitted by the branch
- on the notified Fridays mentioned in the format
- are in accordance with the Day Book/Trial Balance of the Branch.

Auditors are also to Certify the

- Cash and Balance with Banks reported in the relevant RBI Statement
- for the odd date mentioned in the format



Interest subvention

- List of Renewed Account
- List of Newly opened accounts
- Incentive passed on the customers

Create a Working report from Advances master



Locker Rent

- Books of Account
 - Cash Basis
- Tax Audit
 - Accrual Basis



Serious Irregularity

Incase any matter susceptible to be fraud or fraudulent activity or any foul play

- in any transactions noticed
- to be reported to the Top Management of the Bank and
- to Reserve Bank of India

Also the auditor has to send a separate report simultaneously to the Chairman and Managing Director of the Bank and to the Department of Banking Supervision, Reserve Bank of India

In cases where the fraud involved is Rs. 100 lacs and above auditors have to report such instances directly to Reserve Bank of India.



Sundry Assets

- In the Books of the Bank Balance Sheet, there would be an account head called "Sundry Assets".
- Branches generally take balancing of this subsidiary every month and also submit a copy to Head office. Ask & Review for the previous statement.
- Auditors Certificate has to be issued basing on items outstanding for more than six months in Sundry Assets.

100% risk weight for Capital Adequacy Ratio.



Inventory Items of High Value

Verification - Existence

- Could be in Branch Books or centralized HO books(statement forwarded by HO).
- Physical verification of high value inventory items of Rs.50,000/and above (original cost)

Report – Recoverability / Impairment

- This statement is issued for comment on impairment of the Assets as per AS28.
- Test for the impairment as per the Accounting Standard

